



Inspection Report

Carolyn A Anderson
13 7th Street N.W.
Mason City, IA 50401

Customer ID: **322810**
Certificate: **42-A-1471**
Site: 001
Carolyn Anderson

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 03-APR-2019

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The following four dogs were identified as having teeth and or coat issue. The licensee recognized the matting and had not corrected the situation. The licensee had not recognized the dental issues on the dogs.

***An adult black female poodle, called "Cinder" at the time of the inspection by the licensee, had a retained canine tooth, and moderate tartar buildup on the front and canine teeth where individual teeth were difficult to identify.

***An adult black female poodle, called "Gertie" at the time of inspection by the licensee, had a retained canine tooth, and moderate tartar buildup on the front and canine teeth with the gums being red. Several superficial mats were also present on the head and shoulders of the dog.

***An adult female "golden yorkie", called "Patsy" at the time of the inspection by the licensee, had a superficial mat that contained feces on the hind left leg, superficial a mat on the top of the head, and behind both ears.

***An adult male tri colored "party yorkie", called "Bryce" at the time of the inspection by the licensee, had a buildup of moderate tartar on the front and canine teeth with the gums being red.

The dental plan stated that retained canine teeth are to be removed as soon as possible.

Matted hair can pull at the skin, cause infection, and can get contaminated with feces, all which can cause discomfort and or pain. The lack of dental care can cause pain, infection, and systemic problems. The licensee must use appropriate and adequate veterinary care to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injury.

2.50(a)(1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

All 34 adult dogs and 6 puppies did not have identification. The licensee and facility representative had difficulty identifying the dogs.

Prepared By:

BARTELS MARY, A C I

BARTELS MARY, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6090

Date:
23-APR-2019

Received By:

Title:

Date:
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Inspection Report

The lack of identification does not allow for tracking animals within records and providing accurate veterinarian care. The licensee must individually identify all live dogs. To be corrected by: 4/17/2019

2.75(a)(1)

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

The licensee was not able to provide records of animals on hand.

The lack of records does not allow for the tracing of animals. The licensee shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose this subpart concerning each dog or cat purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, euthanized, sold, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control.

To be corrected by: 4/17/2019

3.1(c)(3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Throughout the area housing all the dogs there was a buildup of debris, including food, feces, hair, urine, and unknown brown residue.

The lack of cleaning can lead to the health issues. Hard surfaces with which the dogs or cats come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized in accordance with 3.11(b) of this subpart to prevent accumulation of excreta and reduce disease hazards. To be corrected by 4/17/2019

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee.

Additional Inspectors

Cole Heather, Supervisory Animal Care Specialist

Prepared By:

BARTELS MARY, A C I

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Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6090

Date:
23-APR-2019

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Title:

Date:
23-APR-2019



Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
322810	42-A-1471	001	Carolyn Anderson	03-APR-19

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000034	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG ADULT
000006	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG PUPPY
000040	Total	



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Customer ID: **322810**
Certificate: **42-A-1471**
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Carolyn Anderson

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 11-JUL-2019

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Female red poodle ("Ticah", tag #80) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth and the lower right canine tooth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are slightly reddened.

Male cream colored Poodle ("Ashley Wilkes", tag #79) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are moderately reddened.

Male party Poodle ("Peanut", tag #60) has a thick buildup of dark brown to grey colored tartar located on nearly the entire surface of the upper right canine tooth which is one of the only teeth remaining in the animal's mouth. The dog has areas of matted hair located down the backside of both hind legs and beneath the tail. There is a large amount of a hard dark colored material trapped in the matted hair.

Male Maltese ("Kip", No ID) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are moderately reddened.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Ellie", tag #54) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are slightly reddened. Located on the right side of the dog's face, beneath the ear, is a large, thick section of hair that is tightly matted against the skin.

Prepared By:

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Inspection Report

Female Yorkshire terrier (“Bianca”, tag #53) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on right side of the mouth and nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth. A grey material is located along the top of the upper right cheek teeth. The gums are moderately reddened.

Male party Yorkshire terrier (“Kid Rock”) has a thick buildup of dark brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are moderately reddened.

Poor dental health and dirty, matted hair coats could cause pain and discomfort to the animal, as well as, lead to further health issues.

The above listed dogs must be evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for a proper diagnosis and to establish an effective treatment plan. The licensee must ensure that all dogs receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

The following prescriptions are located in the medication box:

Vetprofen, filled on 04/16/2018, 3 caplets, to be given to “Kid Rock”, ½ caplet orally once a day

Vetprofen, filled on 02/01/2018, 3 caplets, to be given to “Ellie May”, ½ caplet orally once a day

Both of these prescriptions still have at least ½ a caplet remaining in the container that wasn’t given to the respective dog. Failure to fully follow the veterinarian’s directions on the prescription label could cause unnecessary pain and discomfort, as well as affect the dog’s ability to recover from illness, injury, or medical procedures.

The licensee must ensure that the directions provided by a licensed veterinarian pertaining to the use of any medical material are fully followed in order to support the health and well-being of the dogs.

2.50(a)(1) REPEAT

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

All the puppies were not identified at the time of the inspection. Eight adult dogs did not have individual identification on them at the time of the inspection. Collars and tags were added to four of the 8 dogs during the inspection.

The lack of identification does not allow for tracking animals within records and providing accurate veterinarian care.

Prepared By: [Redacted] **BARTELS MARY, A C I**

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Date:
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The licensee must individually identify all live dogs.

2.75(a)(1) REPEAT

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

The licensee is not able to provide records of adult animals on hand and all disposition forms. The licensee had blank forms that were provided at the last inspection that had not been filled out for the adults. The licensee had at least two adult dogs that went to new homes this week that did not have disposition forms.

The lack of records does not allow for the tracing of animals. The licensee shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose this subpart concerning each dog or cat purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, euthanized, sold, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control.

3.1(b)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

A few piles of clutter are in the main dog area within the facility. The clutter is located on top of three dog enclosures containing a total of three adult dogs and two puppies. The clutter consists of boxes, paperwork, clothing materials, etc. There is trash on the ground of the outdoor area that the licensee picked up during the inspection.

The accumulation of debris, unused materials and equipment, can impede the ability to clean and sanitize sufficiently and can lead to vermin infestations. The licensee must remove the clutter from on top of the dog enclosures and ensure that all dog areas remain free of clutter and trash at all times.

To be corrected by: July 15, 2019

3.1(c)(1)(i)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

At the bottom right-hand corner of a metal shed in the outdoor area that had sharp jagged points from the metal rusting and breaking.

Sharp and jagged points could cause injuries to dogs. The licensee must replace items when worn or soiled and repair items as necessary.

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To be corrected by : July 25, 2019

3.1(c)(3) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Throughout the area housing all the dogs there was a buildup of debris, including food, feces, hair, urine, and unknown brown residue. At the time of the inspection, the inspectors observed multiple dogs with a dark brown material within the hairs around their feet and legs.

The lack of cleaning can lead to the health issues. Hard surfaces with which the dogs or cats come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized in accordance with 3.11(b) of this subpart to prevent accumulation of excreta and reduce disease hazards.

3.11(d)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

The outdoor area has an abundance of flies. There were not methods of pest control in place at the time of the inspection.

Lack of pest control can lead to the spread of disease and contamination. The licensee must establish and maintain an effective program for the control of insects, external parasites that are pests so that it promotes the health and wellbeing of the animals and reduce contamination by pests.

To be corrected by: July 14, 2019

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee and the facility representative.

Additional Inspectors

Maxwell Kelly, Animal Care Inspector

Prepared By:

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Date:
12-JUL-2019

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR 6090

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12-JUL-2019



Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
322810	42-A-1471	001	Carolyn Anderson	11-JUL-19

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000040	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG ADULT
000009	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG PUPPY
000049	Total	



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13 7th Street N.W.
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Customer ID: **322810**
Certificate: **42-A-1471**
Site: 001
Carolyn Anderson

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 18-NOV-2019

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The following three dogs were cited under 2.40 (b)(2) on the previous inspection report dated 11-July-19 and were required to be evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for a diagnosis and treatment plan due to their poor dental health. The licensee failed to have these dogs evaluated by a veterinarian and no treatment plan was established. The inspectors re-evaluated each dog and the following concerns were identified:

Female red poodle ("Ticah", tag #80) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering nearly the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth and the lower right canine tooth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are slightly reddened.

Male cream colored Poodle ("Ashley Wilkes", tag #79) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering nearly the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are moderately reddened and a thin layer of grey material is located along the upper left and right gum line.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Ellie", tag #54) has a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the entire surface of the upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. Nearly the entire surface of both upper and lower canine teeth, as well as the upper and lower front teeth, are also covered in the thick brown tartar. The gums are slightly reddened. This dog was also cited for a matted hair coat on the previous inspection report and she currently has a large, thick section of hair that is tightly matted against the skin on the right side of her neck behind the ear.

Poor dental health and matted hair coats could cause pain and discomfort to the animals, as well as, lead to further health issues.

The above listed dogs must be evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for a proper diagnosis and to establish an

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effective treatment plan.

The dog with matted a hair coat must have the matted hair removed and their hair coats must be maintained in a manner that keeps them free of matting, dirt and debris.

2.40(b)(2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The following dogs (identified during this inspection) are also in need of veterinary care:

Male party colored Yorkshire terrier ("Asher", tag #71) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened.

Female brown/white Poodle ("DeeCee", tag #68) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened.

Male black/white Poodle ("Louie", tag #74) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering the nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened.

Male Yorkshire terrier ("Remington", no ID) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering the nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened.

Male chocolate colored Yorkshire terrier ("Oakley", tag #87) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened. This dog also has clumps of matted hair located along the right hind leg, right foreleg, neck and chin.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Roxy", no ID) has a thick buildup of dark yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are moderately reddened. This dog also has matted hair located in clumps along the

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length of her back and around her eyes.

Female Maltipoo ("Lilly", tag #55) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of the upper left cheek teeth and lower right cheek teeth. A line of grey material was observed along the gum line of the cheek teeth on the upper left side of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened.

Female light brown colored Poodle ("Romi Belle", tag #65) has a thick buildup of dark yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The gums are moderately reddened.

Male brown/white colored Poodle ("Tobi Mac", tag #62) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of the both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are moderately reddened.

Female light brown colored Poodle ("Birdie", tag #58) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of the both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are slightly reddened.

Poor dental health and matted hair coats could cause pain and discomfort to the animals, as well as, lead to further health issues.

The above listed dogs must be evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for a proper diagnosis and to establish an effective treatment plan.

Those dogs with matted hair coats must have the matted hair removed and their hair coats must be maintained in a manner that keeps them free of matting, dirt and debris.

The licensee must ensure that all dogs receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

2.50(a)(1) REPEAT

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

Nine adult dogs did not have individual identification on them at the time of the inspection. One puppy under 16 weeks of age did not have individual identification and was intermingled with the general population.

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The lack of identification does not allow for tracking animals within records and providing accurate veterinarian care. The licensee must individually identify all live dogs.

2.75(a)(1) REPEAT

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

The licensee provided incomplete records of adult animals on-hand and had one disposition form was missing the dog(s)' information. The records of dogs on-hand (APHIS form 7005) only accounted for 6 of the 20 adult dogs. One puppy on the premise had no records associated with it.

The lack of records does not allow for the tracing of animals. The licensee shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose this subpart concerning each dog or cat purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, euthanized, sold, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control.

3.1(b) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

A few piles of clutter are in the main dog area within the facility. The clutter is located on top of three dog enclosures containing a total of three adult dogs and three puppies. The enclosure housing one adult and her 3 puppies had a heat lamp in amongst the clutter and created a fire hazard. The clutter consists of boxes, paperwork, clothing materials and towels, etc. There was a pile of trash and few plastic bottles in the outdoor portion of the facility.

The accumulation of debris, unused materials and equipment, can impede the ability to clean and sanitize sufficiently and can lead to vermin infestations. The licensee must remove the clutter from on top of the dog enclosures and ensure that all dog areas remain free of clutter and trash at all times.

3.1(c)(1)(i) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There were five enclosures that had excessive rust towards the bottom of the sides and along the bottom.

Excessive rust does not allow for adequate cleaning of the enclosures and could affect structural integrity. The surfaces in the housing facility must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized, or removed or replaced when worn or soiled. Interior surfaces and any surfaces that come in contact with dogs or cats must be free of excessive rust that prevents the required cleaning and sanitization, or that

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affects the structural strength of the surface

3.1(c)(2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There were two enclosures housing a total of two adult dogs and two puppies that had wood that was used as visual barriers between enclosures with chewed edges along the top. This impacted 2 adult dogs and 2 puppies.

Chewed and worn surfaces can not be cleaned and sanitized. Surfaces of housing facilities that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized, must be replaced when worn or soiled.

To be corrected by: November 25, 2019

3.1(c)(3) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Throughout the area housing all the dogs and the enclosed porch area that is used to access the the outdoor portion of the facility there was a buildup of debris, including food, feces, hair, urine, and unknown brown residue.

The lack of cleaning can lead to the health issues. Hard surfaces with which the dogs or cats come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized in accordance with 3.11(b) of this subpart to prevent accumulation of excreta and reduce disease hazards.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee and a facility representative.

Additional Inspectors

Maxwell Kelly, Animal Care Inspector

Prepared By:

BARTELS MARY, A C I

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18-NOV-2019



Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
322810	42-A-1471	001	Carolyn Anderson	18-NOV-19

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000020	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG ADULT
000010	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG PUPPY
000030	Total	



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13 7th Street N.W.
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Customer ID: **322810**
Certificate: **42-A-1471**
Site: 001
Carolyn Anderson

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 24-FEB-2020

2.40(b)(2) DIRECT REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Male party colored Yorkshire terrier ("Asher", tag #71) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. At least 2 upper and 2 lower front teeth are loose and moved easily when gently touched by the inspector. The upper gums are slightly reddened. This dog was listed on the previous inspection report and has no treatment plan established by a licensed veterinarian.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Patsy", #80) has poor dental health. There is a thick buildup of brown colored tartar covering a lower left molar and half the surface of the upper left canine tooth and the gums are slightly reddened. At least one lower front tooth is loose and moved easily when gently touched by the inspector.

Female light brown colored Poodle ("Birdie", tag #58) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. One lower incisor is loose and moved easily when gently touched by the inspector. A grey material is located between the upper teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are severely reddened. This dog was listed on the previous inspection report and has no treatment plan established by a licensed veterinarian.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Roxy", no ID) has a thick buildup of dark yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of both upper canine teeth, upper front teeth and upper and lower cheek teeth on both sides of the mouth. The upper gums are moderately reddened. This dog also has matted hair located in clumps along the length of her back. This dog was listed on the previous inspection report and has not received grooming for the matted hair coat and has no treatment plan established by a licensed veterinarian for poor dental health.

Male chocolate colored Yorkshire terrier ("Oakley", tag #87) has clumps of matted hair located along the entire back and both sides. Sections of the matted hair was held tightly against the skin. This dog was listed on the previous

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inspection report and has not received grooming for the matted hair coat.

Female Maltipoo ("Lilly", tag #55) has a thick buildup of yellow/brown colored tartar covering nearly the entire surface of the upper left cheek teeth and lower right cheek teeth. The upper gums are slightly reddened. This dog was listed on the previous inspection report and has no treatment plan established by a licensed veterinarian.

2.40(b)(2) DIRECT REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Female Poodle ("Zorra", No ID) has a black material coated on the hair in both her ears. She also has dark brown material trapped in her hair coat along the left side of her body and on the back side of her hind legs.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Ellie", #54) has poor hair coat maintenance. The hair around her neck, along her back and on her rump is heavily matted. The matted hair was tight against the skin and a white dandruff-like material was located within the hair. This dog was cited for a matted hair coat on the two previous inspection reports and has not received grooming to remove the matted hair.

Female white Poodle ("Paris", #66) has poor dental health. There is a thick buildup of brown tartar covering the majority of the surface of the upper cheek teeth, upper and lower canine teeth and upper and lower front teeth on both sides of the mouth. The gums are slightly reddened.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Johnna", No ID) has retained upper and lower juvenile canine teeth and the lower adult canine teeth have grown in along the inside of the juvenile canine teeth. Per the attending veterinarian, any retained juvenile teeth need to be removed.

Male Yorkshire terrier ("Roscoe", No ID) has retained upper juvenile canine teeth. Per the attending veterinarian, any retained juvenile teeth need to be removed.

Male Yorkshire terrier ("Joey", No ID) has retained upper juvenile canine teeth. Per the attending veterinarian, any retained juvenile teeth need to be removed.

Male Poodle ("Ashley Wilkes", No ID) has sections of matted hair located on the abdomen and hind legs. The mats on the abdomen were tight against the skin and there is a dark colored material embedded into the hair.

Female Yorkshire terrier ("Bridgette", No ID) has poor hair coat maintenance. A large clump of dark brown material

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is trapped in the hair beneath the base of the tail. The hair around her rear end and down the backside of her hind legs is matted with a crunchy texture.

Male Yorkshire terrier ("Remington", No ID) has poor hair coat maintenance. The hair around the tail and backside of the hind legs is heavily matted and has brown organic material attached to the hair.

Poor dental health, ear health and matted hair coats could cause pain and discomfort to the animals, as well as, lead to further health issues.

The above listed dogs must be evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for a proper diagnosis and to establish an effective treatment plan.

Dogs with matted hair coats must have the matted hair and organic material removed and their hair coats must be maintained in a manner that keeps them free of matting, dirt, debris and organic material.

The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

2.40(b)(3) DIRECT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The licensee is not performing adequate daily observations. It was found during the inspectors' inspection of the dogs that three dogs had loose teeth. The attending veterinarian stated to the inspectors by phone that he had taught the licensee and her husband how to identify and score dental health conditions. The inspectors, also, identified a problem with the ears of one dog during the inspection.

The attending veterinarian was not aware of the progression of deteriorating dental problems or the presence of Giardia in the facility. The attending veterinarian stated that he expected the licensee to keep him aware of the situations for health and disease even if the licensee was utilizing other veterinarians to address the dogs' health needs.

The lack of daily observation and direct and frequent communication to convey the health, behavior, and well-being in a timely and accurate manner to the attending veterinarian can cause health concerns and underlying issues to

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prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases to go unaddressed. The licensee must perform daily observations of all animals to assess their health and well-being, and have a mechanism of direct and frequent communication so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior, and well-being are conveyed to the attending veterinarian.

To be completed: from this day forward

2.50(a)(1) REPEAT

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

11 adult dogs did not have individual identification on them at the time of the inspection. Four puppies under 16 weeks of age did not have identification.

The lack of identification does not allow for tracking animals within records and providing accurate veterinarian care. The licensee must individually identify all live dogs.

2.75(a)(1) REPEAT

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

The records of dogs on-hand were not complete. The records only contained 19 of 26 adult dogs and no puppies.

The lack of records does not allow for the tracing of animals. The licensee shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose this subpart concerning each dog or cat purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, euthanized, sold, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control.

3.1(b) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Two piles of clutter are in the main dog area within the facility. The clutter is located on top of two dog enclosures containing a total of three adult dogs. The clutter consists of boxes, paperwork, clothing materials and towels, a basket, a scale, framed pictures, hairdryers, etc.

The accumulation of debris, unused materials and equipment, can impede the ability to clean and sanitize sufficiently and can lead to vermin infestations. The licensee must remove the clutter from on top of the dog

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enclosures and ensure that all dog areas remain free of clutter and trash at all times.

3.1(c)(1)(i) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There were three enclosures housing five dogs that had excessive rust towards the bottom of the sides and along the bottom.

Excessive rust does not allow for adequate cleaning of the enclosures and could affect structural integrity. The surfaces in the housing facility must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized, or removed or replaced when worn or soiled. Interior surfaces and any surfaces that come in contact with dogs or cats must be free of excessive rust that prevents the required cleaning and sanitization, or that affects the structural strength of the surface

3.1(c)(3) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

On 2 crates housing 3 dogs and the enclosed porch area that is used to access the the outdoor portion of the facility there was a buildup of debris, including food, feces, hair, urine, and unknown brown residue.

The lack of cleaning can lead to the health issues. Hard surfaces with which the dogs or cats come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized in accordance with 3.11(b) of this subpart to prevent accumulation of excreta and reduce disease hazards.

3.6(c)(1)(i)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

One enclosure, containing two dogs, did not provide minimum space required. The enclosure provided 4.17 square feet. The dogs measured 18 inches and 17 inches requiring a minimum 7.60 square feet of space.

Failure to provide the dogs with the minimum amount of floor space does not allow for freedom of movement which could have a negative impact on the health and well-being of the animals. Each dog housed in a primary enclosure must be provided a minimum amount of floor space as required by the Animal Welfare Act. The applicant must provide each dog with an enclosure that meets the minimum required floor space in order to support their health and well-being.

Corrected at the time of the inspection.

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3.11(b)(1)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

During the inspection the licensee corrected the space situation by moving a puppy out of an enclosure and putting in the adult dog without cleaning or sanitizing the enclosure. The puppy was moved to another area that had not been cleaned and sanitized prior to its introduction. The licensee is treating for Giardia in all of their puppies. The first puppy was diagnosed in October of 2019 and it was still present in the puppies at the time of this inspection.

Lack of cleaning and disinfecting between animals housed in enclosures allows for the spread of disease and illness. Used primary enclosures and food and water receptacles must be cleaned and sanitized in accordance with this section before they can be used to house, feed, or water another dog or cat, or social grouping of dogs.

To be corrected: from this day forward

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee and her husband.

Additional Inspectors

Maxwell Kelly, Animal Care Inspector

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
322810	42-A-1471	001	Carolyn Anderson	24-FEB-20

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000026	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG ADULT
000004	<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	DOG PUPPY
000030	Total	